

## Network Safeworking Rules and Procedures

Single Line Working

Rule Number: 5027

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## 1. Purpose

The purpose of this rule is to detail the protocols for using *Single Line Working*. This allows *Rail Traffic* to be worked in both directions over a single line where *Uni-Directional* (Double line) operations normally apply.

### 2. General

Single Line Working may be established over *Uni-Directional* multiple line Sections, if one or more lines are not available for normal use.

Single Line Working allows following Rail Traffic entries into an Occupied Single Line Working Section, but not into the same Block.

When Single Line Working is planned in advance, it must be Advertised.

Single Line Working must be confined to the most suitable *Crossovers* on each side of the unavailable portion of line.

Station Limits signs may be placed to designate the limits of Single Line Working if Points or a Crossover, used for Single Line Working, is not Protected by a Running Signal in the direction of approach.

Where used, a *Station Limits* sign must be placed at least 120 metres before the *Facing* or *Trailing Points* of the *Crossover*.

The Network Controller must:

- manage Rail Traffic in both directions over the Single Line Working Section; and
- apply *Blocking Facilities*, in accordance with Rule <u>6003 Blocking Facilities</u>, to prevent the entry of unauthorised *Rail Traffic* into the *Single Line Working Section*.

The Network Controller must advise Rail Traffic Crews approaching the Single Line Working that Single Line Working is In-Effect.

### 3. Assurances

Before introducing Single Line Working, the Network Controller must ensure that:

- Effective Communication is established with Competent Workers;
- the affected Section of Track is Clear of all Rail Traffic and prior Movement Authorities or Alternative Movement Authorities for the affected Section have been Fulfilled:
- Track Occupancies for the operational line have been Fulfilled or suspended:
- Protection Officers of Track Occupancies for the non-operational line have been advised:
- signals allowing entry have been set to STOP and Blocking Facilities in accordance with Rule 6003 Blocking Facilities have been applied to prevent unauthorised entry of Rail Traffic;
- other Rail Traffic has been Restrained;
- affected Network Controllers have been advised of the Single Line Working; and
- workers known to be affected have been advised of the Single Line Working.

### 3.1 Active Control Level Crossings

When Single Line Working is planned in advance, Active Control Level Crossings that are not designed to operate normally in both directions, must be Protected by Competent Workers or closed to road and pedestrian traffic.

Unless the *Network Controller* has ensured that *Active Control Level Crossing* equipment is operating correctly, or *Competent Workers* are in attendance, the *Network Controller* must advise *Rail Traffic Crews* to treat *Active Control Level Crossings* as potentially faulty and act in accordance with Rule 2015 Active Control Level Crossing Management.

### 3.2 Approaching Rail Traffic

The Network Controller must tell Rail Traffic Crews:

- that Single Line Working will be In-Effect,
- the *Protecting Signal* identification number and, if applicable, the *Locations* of any additional *Station Limits* signs; and
- that the signal before the entry to the Single Line Working Section will be at STOP.

Rail Traffic Crews must report to the Network Controller when their Rail Traffic arrives at the Protecting Signal.

Rail Traffic must be Restrained from entering a Section in which Single Line Working is In-Effect until Authorised to enter.

### 3.3 Entry of Rail Traffic

Before Authorising Rail Traffic to proceed into Single Line Working Sections, the Network Controller must be assured that:

- the Block over which Rail Traffic is to Travel is Clear of Rail Traffic; and
- the Route is set or will be set by the Rail Traffic Crew or other Competent Worker.

## 4. Authority to Travel

The Authority to Travel in the Right Running Direction will be normal signal indications.

*Track Vehicles* will travel in the *Right Running Direction* on *Movement Authorities* as per Rule 3019 Track Vehicles.

When *Travelling* in the *Right Running-Direction*, *Rail Traffic Crews* must obey *Intermediate Signal* indications.

The Authority to Travel in the Wrong Running-Direction is an Alternative Movement Authority Issued by the Network Controller to the Rail Traffic Crew in accordance with Rule 5019 Alternative Movement Authority.



NOTE: The passing of signals at STOP must be in accordance with Rule 6013 Passing Fixed Signals at STOP.

Before Authorising the Rail Traffic to enter the single line Section, the Network Controller must set the Route, or tell the Competent Worker or Rail Traffic Crew to set the Route for the safe passage of Rail Traffic.

The Rail Traffic Crew must ensure the Route is set for the safe passage of the Rail Traffic.

The Alternative Movement Authority must contain details of:

- the Route to be taken;
- any Points to be checked, set and Secured;
- any Fixed Signals that are to be passed at STOP;
- any speed restriction applicable;
- the operating status of Active Control Level Crossings; and
- any reporting requirements.

The Network Controller will Issue the Alternative Movement Authority to the Rail Traffic Crew, and the Rail Traffic Crew must read it back in accordance with Procedure 9016 Written Authorities and Forms.

# 5. Travelling Through a Single Line Working Section

When *Travelling* in the *Right Running-Direction*, *Rail Traffic Crews* must obey *Intermediate Signal* indications.

Unless assured that *Active Control Level Crossings* are operating correctly, *Rail Traffic Crews* must treat the *Level Crossings* as faulty in accordance with Rule <u>2015 Active Control Level Crossing Management</u>.

## 6. Reporting

Rail Traffic Crews, running in the wrong direction, must tell the Network Controller when the Rail Traffic has:

- entered the Single Line Working Section;
- passed Complete beyond nominated Locations as detailed on the Alternative Movement Authority; and
- exited Complete from the Single Line Working Section.

# 7. Departing the Single Line Working Section

Rail Traffic must not depart the Single Line Working Section without the Authority of the Network Controller.

Before Authorising Rail Traffic to depart the Single Line Working Section, the Network Controller must be assured that:

- the Block Section ahead is unoccupied;
- no conflicting Routes are set; and
- the Route is set or will be set by the Rail Traffic Crew or other Competent Worker.

The Rail Traffic Crew must ensure the Route is set for the safe passage of the Rail Traffic.

The Network Controller and the Rail Traffic Crew must Fulfil the Alternative Movement Authority when the Rail Traffic has Arrived Complete.

# 8. Establishing a Non-Crossing Location

The Approved Operations *Delegate* may approve the use of a Non-Crossing *Location* to facilitate the movement of following *Rail Traffic* for *Wrong Running Direction* movements.



WARNING: This only applies in the Wrong Running Direction.

A Non-Crossing *Location* may be used to divide a *Section* to allow for following *Rail Traffic* to enter the single line *Section* before the preceding *Rail Traffic* has *Cleared* the single line *Section*.

#### The Network Controller must:

- confirm that approval to establish a Non-Crossing Location has been given by the Approved Operations Delegate;
- confirm that the affected Section of Track is Clear of all Rail Traffic:
- ensure that Rail Traffic will not be Authorised to Occupy the Single Line Working Section before the Non-Crossing Location has been established;
- ensure there is a *Competent Worker* with *Effective Communication* at the designated Non-Crossing *Location*; and
- tell the *Competent Worker* at the designated Non-Crossing *Location*:
  - the Running -Directions for which the Non-Crossing Location will be used; and
  - the Running-Direction for the first movement.

#### The Competent Worker at a Non-Crossing Location must:

- make sure they have Effective Communication with the Network Controller,
- confirm whether the Non-Crossing Location applies for both Running-Directions;
- confirm the Running-Direction for the first movement;
- stand in a Safe Place; and
- ensure Rail Traffic Crews approaching from expected Running-Directions will have a Clear view of that Location.

## 9. Working a Non-Crossing Location

The Network Controller may Issue an Alternative Movement Authority for Rail Traffic to Travel:

- through the Single Line Section; or
- only as far as the Non-Crossing Location.

The Network Controller must advise the Competent Worker at the Non-Crossing Location before Issuing an Alternative Movement Authority for Travel through or to the Non-Crossing Location.

## 9.1 Issue of an Alternative Movement *Authority* to the Non-Crossing Location

On advice from the *Network Controller* that an *Alternative Movement Authority* is to be *Issued* to the Non-Crossing *Location*, the *Competent Worker* must prevent that *Rail Traffic* from passing the Non-Crossing *Location* by placing *In-field Protection* on the line.

The Competent Worker will remove the Protection after the Rail Traffic Crew is in possession of an Alternative Movement Authority to Proceed.

When assured that the *Block Section* is *Clear* the *Competent Worker* must remove the *Protection* from the line and give a Proceed *Handsignal*.

### 9.2 Rail Traffic Passing Beyond the Non-Crossing Location

After Rail Traffic has passed the Non-Crossing Location, and until advised by the Network Controller that the Rail Traffic has Arrived Complete out of the Single Line Working area, the Competent Worker must Protect the Occupied line.

When Rail Traffic has passed Complete beyond the Non-Crossing Location the Competent Worker must get confirmation of the direction of approach of the next Rail Traffic movement from the Network Controller.

## 10. Removing a Non-Crossing Location

Before removing the Non-Crossing Location, the Network Controller must confirm that:

- the line between the limits of Single Line Working is Clear of Rail Traffic; and
- Rail Traffic will not be Authorised to enter the Single Line Working Section before the Non-Crossing Location has been removed.

The Network Controller must tell the Competent Worker at the Non-Crossing Location:

- that the Non-Crossing Location is no longer needed;
- to remove Protection from the line; and
- to advise when this has been done.

# 11. Cancelling an Alternative Movement Authority

An Alternative Movement Authority may be Cancelled only if the Network Controller is assured that the Authorised movement has not started.

The Network Controller must tell affected Competent Workers that the Alternative Movement Authority has been Cancelled.

# 12. Fulfilling an Alternative Movement Authority

An Alternative Movement Authority must be Fulfilled only when the Rail Traffic Crew or Competent Worker assures the Network Controller that the Authorised Rail Traffic movements have been completed and the Section is Clear.

The Network Controller must tell affected Competent Workers that the Alternative Movement Authority has been Fulfilled.

## 13. Returning to Normal Working

Before normal working is resumed the Network Controller must ensure that:

- any Alternative Movement Authority Issued to Travel through the Single Line Working Section is Cancelled or Fulfilled;
- the affected Section is Clear of Rail Traffic;
- any Active Control Level Crossings in the Section are restored for normal operation or Protected:
- temporary Station Limits signs, where used, have been removed;
- any Points that were set and Secured are restored for normal operation; and
- Blocking Facilities are removed.

## 14. Keeping Records

The Network Controller and Competent Worker must keep a Permanent Record of details of the Single Line Working, including Rail Traffic arrival and departure times.

### 15. References

2015 Active Control Level Crossing Management

3019 Track Vehicles

5019 Alternative Movement Authority

6003 Blocking Facilities

6013 Passing Fixed Signals at STOP

9016 Written Authorities and Forms

## 16. Effective Date

31 October 2022